#### **Species List for the Purcell's Cove Conservation Lands: 2012 Update** Submitted to Nova Scotia Nature Trust Sep. 14, 2012.

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# 1. Introduction

The Purcell's Cove Conservation Lands (PCCL) occur as a long strip, approximately 260 m wide, extending from Purcell's Cove Road, over Purcell's Pond to Flat Lake, approximately 1.4 km inland. These lands were donated to the Nova Scotia Nature trust by members of the Field and Napier families in 2003 and 2009, respectively. The Halifax Field Naturalists (HFN) contributed towards initial legal costs and, with the Nova Scotia Nature Trust (NSNT), conducts an annual species inventory of the combined properties. This document is a report on the 2012 inventory which took place August 18th, 2012. The hike was led by Alice Morgan of the Nova Scotia Nature Trust. David Patriquin of HFN coordinated the species inventory, with input and assistance from Bob McDonald and Burkhard Plache, as well as contributions from other of the 14 participants.

The lists of species we have been compiling since 2003 include species encountered over the whole trail from Purcell's Cove Road to Flat Lake. The first section of this trail, between Purcell's Cove Road and Purcell's Pond, lies outside of the PCCL (see Google Earth Map below), but has been included in the past because it was considered likely that it is still representative of what's in the PCCL. (Until the Napier Lands were added in 2008, even a large portion of the trail beyond Purcell's Pond lay outside of the PCCL which then included only the Captain Arnell Lands.)

This year, we decided to restrict our inventory to sections of the trail lying inside the PCCL. Further, to provide some documentation on recovery of vegetation after the "Spryfield Fire" of 2009, we documented plant species for burned and unburned sections of the trail separately. On April 30/May 1, 2009, an intense forest fire "cut a swath though Spryfield, Purcell's Cove and Ferguson's Cove" (Chronicle Herald May 2). A substantial portion of the PCCL was affected, including most of the land from the

high barrens west of Purcell's pond to Flat Lake. The fire had moved in an eastwardly direction from beyond Flat Lake towards Purcell's Pond, but stopped at a low-lying area of wettish forest and wetland well before Purcell's Pond (point D on the Google Earth Map, below). See <u>http://halifaxfieldnaturalists.ca/arnell/index.html</u> for some photographic documentation of the post-fire recovery of the vegetation.

# 2. Methods & Map

These surveys are semi-formal in nature. We simply record species encountered as we walk the trail. Thus what's listed depends, to some extent, on the expertise of the participants. There were 14 participants in total. Four participants had provisional species lists and checked off or added species as they were encountered by themselves or others, noting whether they were in burnt or unburnt sections. The lists for vascular plants were compiled by David Patriquin; Bob McDonald submitted separate lists for Birds, Odes and Leps. Bob McDonald and Burkhard Plache checked the final lists.



**Google Map of the area with boundaries of PCCL (data from NSNT) and the trail added.** The red path was the route tracked on Aug. 18<sup>th</sup>, 2012. The unburned sections are those between points A & B, C & D, E & F, G & H and a small wetland adjacent to Flat Lake at point J. The burnt sections are those between points D & E, F & G, H & J. See final page of this report for a larger version of the map.

## 3. Vascular Plants

NB = Not burned, B = Burned in 2009

Under B (Burnt), an asterisk indicates an unburned section of the trail within the larger burn area

Under Note, "B – by lake" refers to the small wetland adjacent to Flat Lake. The wetland was mostly spared from the fire.

Habit	Species	Common Name	NB	В	Note
Fern/LVP	Dennstaedtia puntilobula	Hay-scented Fern	+		New 2012
Fern/LVP	Dryopteris spinulosa	Wood Fern			
Fern/LVP	Lycopodium obscurum	Tree Clubmoss	+		New 2012
Fern/LVP	Osmunda cinnamomea	Cinnamon Fern	+		
Fern/LVP	Polypodium virginianum	Rock Polypody			
Fern/LVP	Pteridium aquilinum	Bracken	+	+	
Fern/LVP	Thelyptis noveboracensis	New York Fern			
Forb/Herb	Aralia hispida	Bristly Sarsaparilla		+	
Forb/Herb	Aralia nudicaulis	Wild Sarsaparilla	+	+	
Forb/Herb	Arenaria groenlandica	Mountain Sandwort		+	
Forb/Herb	Aster acuminatus	Whorled Wood Aster	+	*	
Forb/Herb	Aster nemoralis	Bog Aster	+		
Forb/Herb	Aster radula	Rough-leaved Aster			
Forb/Herb	Clintonia borealis	Blue-bead Lily	+		
Forb/Herb	Coptis trifolia	Gold-thread	+		
Forb/Herb	Cornus canadensis	Bunchberry	+	+	
Forb/Herb	Cypripedium acaule	Pink Lady's Slipper	+		

Forb/Herb	Drosera roduntifolia	Round-leaved Sundew		+	B - by lake
Forb/Herb	Fragaria	Common			
	virginiana	Strawberry			
Forb/Herb	Lechea	Pinweed		+	New 2012
	intermedia	1 mwccu			
Forb/Herb	Maianthemum	Wild Lily of	+		
	canadense	the Valley	-		
Forb/Herb	Medeola	Indian			
	virginiana	Cucumber			
	<b>5</b>	Root			
Forb/Herb	Melampyrum	Cow-wheat	+		
	lineare				
Forb/Herb	Mitchella	Partridgeberry	+		
	repens	/ Twinberry			
Forb/Herb	Monotropa	Pinesap			
	hypopithys				
Forb/Herb	Monotropa	Indian Pipe			
	uniflora				
Forb/Herb	Nuphar	Yellow Pond			
	variegata	Lily			
Forb/Herb	Potentilla	Three-toothed		+	
	tridentata	Cinquefoil			
Forb/Herb	Sarracenia	Pitcher Plant	+	+	B by lake & in a depression on the
	purporea				barrens
Forb/Herb	Solidago	Oldfield			New 2012
	nemoralis	Goldenrod		*	
Forb/Herb	Solidago	Downy	+	+	
	puberula	Goldenrod			
Forb/Herb	Trientalis	Starflower	+		
	borealis				
Graminoid	Eriophorum sp.	White Cotton			
		Grass			
Graminoid	Eriophorum	Tawny Cotton		+	B by lake
	virginicum	Grass			
Graminoid	Luzula	woodrush		+	
<u> </u>	luzuloides				
Graminoid	Scirpus	Woolrush	+		
	cyperinus				NL 0040
Shrub	Alnus crispa	Green alder		*	New 2012
Shrub	Aronia	Black		+	New 2012
-	melanocarpa	chokeberry			
Shrub	Chamaedaphne	Leatherleaf	+	+	B- by lake
	calyculata				

Shrub	Diervilla	Bush			
Onitab	Ionicera	Honeysuckle			
Shrub	Gaylussacia	Black	+	+	
Official	baccata	Huckleberry		·	
Shrub	Gaylussacia	Dwarf			
Childb	dumosa	Huckleberry			
Shrub	Hamamelis	Witch-hazel			
ornab	virginiana	Witch hazor		*	
Shrub	llex glabra	Inkberry	+		One site only Cords: 44.603488N 63.577179W
Shrub	llex verticillata	Canada Holly	+		New 2012
Shrub	Juniperus	Common			
	communis	Juniper			
Shrub	Juniperus	Creeping			
	horizontalis	Juniper			
Shrub	Kalmia	Sheep Laurel,	+	+	
	angustifolia	Lambkill			
Shrub	Ledum	Labrador Tea	+	+	
	groenlandicum				
Shrub	Myrica gale	Sweet Gale		+	B – by Lake
Shrub	Myrica	Bayberry	+	+	
	pensylvanica				
Shrub	Nemopanthus	Mountain	+	+	
	mucronata	Holly			
Shrub	Prunus sp.	Cherry			
Shrub	Rhododendron canadense	Rhodora	+	+	
Shrub	Rubus sp.	Blackberry			
Shrub	Vaccinium	Early Low	+	+	
	angustifolium	Blueberry			
Shrub	Vaccinium	Velvet-leaf		+	
	myrtilloides	Blueberry			
Shrub	Viburnum	Hobblebush			
	alnifolium				
Shrub	Viburnum	Witherod	+	+	
	cassinoides				
Subshrub	Corema	Broom-	+	+	
	conradii	crowberry			
Subshrub	Epigaea repens	Mayflower	+	+	
Subshrub	Gaultheria	Wintergreen,	+	+	
	procumbens	Teaberry			
Subshrub	Hudsonia	Golden	+	+	
	ericoides	Heather		.	
	0.1001000	ricutio	1	1	

Subshrub	Rubus hispidus	Dewberry	+	*	
				*	
Subshrub	Vaccinium	Large			
_	macrocarpon	Cranberry			
Tree-conif	Abies balsamea	Balsam-Fir	+		
Tree-conif	Larix laricina	Eastern	+	+	B – by lake
		Larch,			
		Tamarack			
Tree-conif	Picea glauca	White Spruce	+	+	B – survivor close to lake
Tree-conif	Picea mariana	Black Spruce	+	+	
Tree-conif	Picea rubens	Red Spruce	+		
Tree-conif	Pinus	Jack Pine	+	+	
	banksiana				
Tree-conif	Pinus strobus	White Pine	+		
Tree-conif	Tsuga	Hemlock	+		
	canadensis				
Tree-	Acer	Striped Maple			
decid	pensylvanicum				
Tree-	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	+	+	
decid					
Tree-	Acer spicatum	Mountain			
decid		Maple			
Tree-	Amelanchier	Shadbush /	+		
decid	sp.	Indian Pear			
Tree-	Aronia	Red			
decid	arbutifolia	Chokeberry			
Tree-	Betula	Yellow Birch			
decid	alleghaniensis				
Tree-	Betula	White Birch		+	
decid	papyrifera				
Tree-	Betula	Wire (Grey)	+	+	
decid	populifolia	Birch		ļ	
Tree-	Populus	Large-toothed		+	
decid	grandidentata	Aspen			
Tree-	Quercus rubra	Red Oak		+	
decid	-		<u> </u>		
Tree-	Sorbus	Mountain-ash			
decid	americana				

# ADDITIONAL NOTES 2012

- Lily by Flat Lake possibly *Maianthemum canadense*; to be confirmed
- Vaccinium vitis-idaea: possibly by Flat Lake, to be confirmed
- Sedges, rushes, grasses several species in wet, unburned areas, not Identified
- Mosses, mushrooms: not addressed

#### 4. Leps and Odes of the NSNT Purcell's Cove Conservation Lands Compiled by Bob McDonald 2012-08-19

NB = Not burned, B = Burned in 2009

### **Butterflies**

Red Admiral White Admiral Clouded Sulphur Mourning Cloak Spring Azure Summer Azure +2012: NB, B Cabbage White

### **Odonates (dragonflies/damselflies)**

Ebony Jewelwing Azure Bluet Shadow Darner Brush-tipped Emerald Emerald sp. +2012: (loc'n not noted) Chalk-fronted Corporal Meadowhawk sp. +2012: (loc'n not noted) Crimson-ringed Whiteface

#### 5. Bird List – Purcell's Cove Conservation Lands (NSNT)

List compiled by Bob McDonald (<u>bobathome@eastlink.ca</u>) 43 species to date (15 August 2012)

#### NB = Not burned, B = Burned in 2009

American Black Duck +2012: NB **Ring-necked Duck** Double-crested Cormorant Osprey +2012: B Northern Harrier Broad-winged Hawk Red-tailed Hawk Merlin **Greater Yellowlegs** Herring Gull Mourning Dove +2012: B **Belted Kingfisher** Downy Woodpecker Hairy Woodpecker Black-backed Woodpecker Northern Flicker Red-eved Vireo Least Flycatcher Grey Jay Blue Jav American Crow +2012: NB, B Common Raven +2012: B Black-capped Chickadee +2012: NB **Boreal Chickadee** Golden-crowned Kinglet Swainson's Thrush Hermit Thrush American Robin +2012: NB Cedar Waxwing Yellow Warbler (DG) Chestnut-sided Warbler (DG) Yellow-rumped Warbler Black-throated Green Warbler Palm Warbler Black-and-White Warbler Common Yellowthroat +2012: NB Song Sparrow White-throated Sparrow +2012: NB

Dark-eyed Junco +2012: NB Brown-headed Cowbird Purple Finch Pine Siskin American Goldfinch

### 6. Other Vertebrates 2012

Garter snake +NB Cotyote scat +B

# 7. Lichens

In 2012, we did not attempt to make a comprehensive list for lichens. This list was compiled on October 18, 2009 by Frances Anderson, and applies to the whole trail.

MACROLICHENS	NB	В	NOTES
Arctoparmelia centrifuga			
Arctoparmelia incurva			– new record for HRM
Bryoria furcellata			
Bryoria fuscescens			
Cladonia cf. borealis			<ul> <li>–If confirmed, it would be new record for HRM</li> </ul>
Cladonia boryi			
Cladonia chlorophaea			
Cladonia coniocraea			
Cladonia crispata			
Cladonia cristatella			
Cladonia incrassata			– new record for HRM
Cladonia macilenta var. bacillaris			
Cladonia maxima			
Cladonia pleurota			
Cladonia rangiferina			
Cladonia squamosa			
Cladonia stellaris			
Cladonia strepsilis			
Cladonia uncialis			
Evernia mesopmorpha			
Hypogymnia incurvoides			
Hypogymnia physodes			
Hypogymnia tubulosa			
Imshaugia aleurites			
Imshaugia placarodia			
Lasallia papulosa			
Melanelia disjuncta			
Melanelia panniformis			
Parmelia saxatilis			
Parmelia squarrosa			
Parmelia sulcata			
Platismatia glauca			
Platismatia tuckermanii			
Stereocaulon saxatile			
Tuckermannopsis orbata			
Umbilcaria muehlenbergii			
Usnea filipendula			
Usnea subfloridana			

Usnea strigosa	
Xanthoparmelia conspersa	
Xanthoparmelia cumberlandia	
<u>CRUSTOSE</u>	
Acarospora fuscata	
Aspicilia sp.	
Fuscidea sp.	
Loxospora ochrophea	
Placynthiella uliginosa	
Porpidia sp.	
Rhizocarpon geographicum	
Rhizocarpon sp.	

# 8. Comments on vegetation in 2012

Thirty species of vascular plants were observed only in the unburnt sections of the trail, ten only in burnt sections, and twenty-one in both sections:

	Species	Common Name
1.	Abies balsamea	Balsam-Fir
2.	Alnus crispa	Green alder
3.	Amelanchier sp.	Shadbush / Indian Pear
4.	Aster acuminatus	Whorled Wood Aster
5.	Aster nemoralis	Bog Aster
6.	Chamaedaphne calyculata	Leatherleaf
7.	Clintonia borealis	Blue-bead Lily
8.	Coptis trifolia	Gold-thread
	Cypripedium acaule	Pink Lady's Slipper
	Dennstaedtia puntilobula	Hay-scented Fern
	Drosera roduntifolia	Round-leaved Sundew
	Eriophorum virginicum	Tawny Cotton Grass
	Hamamelis virginana	Witch-hazel
	llex glabra	Inkberry
	llex verticillata	Canada Holly
	Larix laricina	Eastern Larch, Tamarack
	Lycopodium obscurum	Tree Clubmoss
	Maianthemum canadense	Wild Lily of the Valley
	Melampyrum lineare	Cow-wheat
	Mitchella repens	Partridgeberry
	Myrica gale	Sweet Gale
-	Osmunda cinnamomea	Cinnamon Fern
	Picea glauca	White Spruce
	Picea rubens	Red Spruce
	Pinus strobus	White Pine
	Rubus hispidus	Dewberry
	Scirpus cyperinus	Woolrush
	Solidago nemoralis	Oldfield Goldenrod
	Trientalis borealis	Starflower
30.	Tsuga canadensis	Hemlock

Vascular Plants observed in only unburnt sections of the trail in 2012

Vascular Plants observed only in only burnt sections of the trail in 2012

	Species	Common Name
1	Aralia hispida	Bristly Sarsaparilla
2	Arenaria groenlandica	Mountain Sandwort
3	Aronia melanocarpa	Black chokeberry
4	Betula papyrifera	White Birch
5	Lechea intermedia	Pinweed
6	Luzula luzuloides	Woodrush
7	Populus grandidentata	Large-toothed Aspen
8	Potentilla tridentata	Three-toothed Cinquefoil
9	Quercus rubra	Red Oak
10	Vaccinium myrtilloides	Velvet-leaf Blueberry

#### Vascular Plants observed in both unburnt & burnt sections of the trail in 2012

	Species	Common name
1	Acer rubrum	Red Maple
2	Aralia nudicaulis	Wild Sarsaparilla
3	Betula populifolia	Wire Birch
4	Corema conradii	Broom-crowberry
5	Cornus Canadensis	Bunchberry
6	Epigaea repens	Mayflower
7	Gaultheria procumbens	Wintergreen, Teaberry
8	Gaylussacia baccata	Black Huckleberry
9	Hudsonia ericoides	Golden Heather
10	Kalmia angustifolia	Sheep Laurel, Lambkill
11	Ledum groenlandicum	Labrador Tea
12	Myrica pensylvanica	Bayberry
13	Nemopanthus mucronata	Mountain Holly
14	Picea mariana	Black Spruce
15	Pinus banksiana	Jack Pine
16	Pteridium aquilinum	Bracken
17	Rhododendron canadense	Rhodora
18	Sarracenia purporea	Pitcher Plant
19	Solidago puberula	Downy Goldenrod
20	Vaccinium angustifolium	Early Low Blueberry
21	Viburnum cassinoides	Witherod

Of the ten species observed only in burnt sections, Bristly Sarsaparilla is typically a transient, early successional, post-disturbance species and could well be restricted to the burnt sections, possibly the same is true for Pinweed. It is likely that the others occur also in unburnt areas. Many of the 31 species observed in the burnt sections have some adaptations to recurrent fire (e.g. Jack Pine, Black Huckleberry) and/or are typical early successional species. The oak sighting referred to a seedling which could have been transported in as an acorn after the fire. Downy Goldenrod is not noted as an early successional species but is commonly cited as a species occurring in dry sandy soils, outcrops etc. and it may also have came in after the fire rather than survived it in situ.

We noted only one small patch of Pinweed. Interestingly, in a hike the following week between Williams and Colpitt Lake, large patches of pinweed were seen in barrens areas that had burnt over in the spring of 2012.

Fifteen of the species sighted in the burnt sections in 2012 were observed regenerating within months of the fire in 2009 (HFN Field Trip report for Aug 21,2009):

	Species	Common Name
1	Betula populifolia	Birch, Grey
2	Pteridium aquilinum	Bracken Fern
3	Cornus canadensis	Bunchberry
4	llex verticillata	Canada Holly
5	Gaylussacia baccata	Huckleberry
6	Populus grandidentata	Largetooth aspen
7	Vaccinium angustifolium	Lowbush Blueberry
8	Nemopanthus mucronatus	Mountain Holly
9	Panicum lanuginosum	Panic-grass
10	Cypripedium acaule	Pink Lady's-slipper
11	Sarracenia purpurea	Pitcher Plant
12	Acer rubrum	Red Maple
13	Rhododendron canadense	Rhodora
14	Trientalis borealis	Starflower
15	Gaultheria procumbens	Teaberry
16	Aralia nudicaulis	Wild Sarsaparilla
17	Scirpus cyperinus	Woolrush

Vascular Plants observed in burnt sections on June 25, 2009

The two species on the list above that were not noted in burnt sections in 2012, Woolrush and Panic-grass, are both graminoids. The 2009 observations of these species were of seedlings and were not conclusive. We were not looking critically at graminoids during the August 2012 inventory, so really, we cannot say much about their presence or absence in 2012. The pitcher plants observed in 2009 were in a small boggy area within a larger burnt barrens area; the surface sphagnum had burnt (photo at <a href="http://halifaxfieldnaturalists.ca/arnell/june25/kPitcher.jpg">http://halifaxfieldnaturalists.ca/arnell/june25/kPitcher.jpg</a>). In 2012 they were again

observed in such areas as well as in the small wetland by Flat Lake.

The summer of 2012 was exceptionally hot and dry June through August. There were large patches of vegetation on some of the drier barrens areas that appeared to be totally dried out and dead; Lowbush Blueberry and Golden Heather were notably affected; also some Jack Pine and seedlings and Pinweed.

Many of the 30 species observed only in unburnt sections of the trail are wetland species or species not generally associated with landscapes where there are frequent fires.

The plant species on the entire list (Section 2, above) that were not checked off for 2012 are mostly species that occur on the trail between Purcell's Cove Road and Purcell's Pond. In that section, the trail goes alongside, across, or close to the stream draining Purcell's Pond, also it goes through areas there is some accumulation of till and through steep

embankments leading down to the stream. Moisture-loving, and species characteristic of older forests such as Witch Hazel, Striped Maple and Yellow Birch are common in that area, but are largely absent from the trail beyond the bottom of Purcell's Pond.

It is suggested that in future, some effort should be made to document species in unburned areas not close to the trail but lying within the PCCL, with some note being made of the location and habitats involved. In the meantime, the entire list could be maintained as a Provisional List of Species.

We should note that we do not have any observations for mosses and mushrooms, and that sedges, rushes and grasses have not been critically documented. We are also lacking data for most insects, amphibians and small mammals. However, the lists as they stand still provide a basis for characterizing the habitats and for monitoring changes.

ADDENDUM: LARGER VERSION OF THE GOOGLE MAP

